- Almond Oil, Sweet use for dry, irritated skin; stable lather, use up to 15 to 20% in a recipe
- Apricot Kernel Oil moisturizing, use up to 15%
- Argan Oil good for skin problems, great for shampoo bars, use up to 10%
- Avocado Oil excellent for dry & sensitive skin, makes a softer soap if too much used, use up to 15 to 20%
- Castor Oil boosts lather, makes a softer bar, use up to 10% (higher amounts in shampoo bars)
- Cocoa Butter makes a hard bar with creamy lather; use the refined version if you don't want the scent to carry to your final bar; use up to 15% (can use more, but may cause cracking)
- Coconut Oil makes a hard bar with great lather, use up to 30%, higher than that can be drying, so be sure to superfat
- Grapeseed Oil lightweight and helpful for acne soaps, has a shorter shelf life, use up to 10%
- Hemp Oil moisturizing, silky lather, keep oil refrigerated, use up to 15%

- Jojoba Oil conditions skin & hair, excellent for shampoo bars, helps extend life of soap, use up to 10%
- Lard/Tallow makes a hard bar with low lather, can be used to replace palm oil in recipes, use up to 35%
- Mango Butter moisturizing, use around 5 to 10%
- Meadowfoam Oil increases shelf life of soap, conditions skin, creamy lather, use around 10%
- Neem Oil skin healing, antiseptic, repels fleas and tick so good for pet soaps, strong smell – use 5 to 10%
- Olive Oil contributes to hardness of bar (starts out soft, but cures hard), limited bubbles, use any amount in a recipe, all the way up to 100% of the oils
- Peach Kernel Oil excellent for skin, use up to 15%
- Shea Butter moisturizes and nourishes skin, adds some hardness to soap, use up to 15%
- Sunflower Oil silky lather, good for skin, slows down time to reach trace, too much makes a soft soap, use up to 15 to 20% in a recipe
- Tamanu Oil excellent for various skin conditions, use up to 5% in a recipe